

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): February 18, 2026

Constellium SE

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

France
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

001-35931
(Commission File Number)

98-0667516
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

300 East Lombard Street,
Suite 1710
Baltimore, MD 21202
(Address of principal executive office (US))

(443) 420-7861
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A
(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to section 12(b) of the Act

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Ordinary Shares	CSTM	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in as defined in [sic] Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§ 230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).
Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition

On February 18, 2026, Constellium SE (the “Company”) issued a press release announcing its financial results for the fourth quarter of 2025. A copy of the press release is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated herein by reference.

The Company is also furnishing an investor presentation relating to its fourth quarter of 2025 (the “Presentation”), which will be used by the management team for presentations to investors and others. A copy of the Presentation is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.2 and incorporated into this [Item 2.02](#) by reference. The Presentation is also available on the Company’s web site at www.constellium.com.

In accordance with General Instruction B.2 of Form 8-K, the information in [Item 2.02](#) of this Current Report on Form 8-K, including Exhibit 99.1 and Exhibit 99.2, shall not be deemed to be “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, and shall not be incorporated by reference into any registration statement or other document filed under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits

(d) Exhibits

The following exhibits are furnished with this report on Form 8-K:

Exhibit No.	Description
99.1	Press Release by Constellium SE dated February 18, 2026
99.2	Investor Presentation
104	The cover page of this Current Report on Form 8-K, formatted in Inline XBRL

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

February 18, 2026

CONSTELLIUM SE
(Registrant)

By: /s/ Jack Guo
Name: Jack Guo
Title: Executive Vice President &
Chief Financial Officer

PRESS RELEASE

February 18, 2026

Constellium Reports Strong Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2025 Results; Provides Full Year 2026 Guidance

Paris - Constellium SE (NYSE: CSTM) ("Constellium" or the "Company") today reported results for the fourth quarter and the full year ended December 31, 2025.

Fourth quarter 2025 highlights:

- Shipments of 365 thousand metric tons, up 11% compared to Q4 2024
- Revenue of \$2.2 billion, up 28% compared to Q4 2024
- Net income of \$113 million compared to a net loss of \$47 million in Q4 2024
- Adjusted EBITDA of \$280 million
 - > Includes positive non-cash metal price lag impact of \$67 million
- Segment Adjusted EBITDA of \$83 million at A&T, \$136 million at P&ARP and \$5 million at AS&I, and corporate costs of \$(11) million, together representing a record fourth quarter for the Company
- Cash from Operations of \$218 million and Free Cash Flow of \$110 million
- Repurchased 2.4 million shares of the Company stock for \$40 million

Full year 2025 highlights:

- Shipments of 1.5 million metric tons, up 4% compared to 2024
- Revenue of \$8.4 billion, up 15% compared to 2024
- Net income of \$275 million compared to net income of \$60 million in 2024
- Adjusted EBITDA of \$846 million
 - > Includes positive non-cash metal price lag impact of \$126 million
- Segment Adjusted EBITDA of \$339 million at A&T, \$353 million at P&ARP and \$72 million at AS&I, and corporate costs of \$(44) million, together representing the Company's second best year ever
- Cash from Operations of \$489 million and Free Cash Flow of \$178 million
- Repurchased 8.9 million shares of the Company stock for \$115 million
- Adjusted Return on Invested Capital (Adjusted ROIC) of 9.0%
- Leverage of 2.5x at December 31, 2025

Media Contacts

Investor Relations

Jason Hershiser
Phone: +1 443 988-0600
investor-relations@constellium.com

Communications

Delphine Dahan-Kocher
Phone: +1 443 420 7860
delphine.dahan-kocher@constellium.com

“Constellium delivered near record results in 2025 despite the uncertain macroeconomic and end market environment, including record fourth quarter Adjusted EBITDA,” said Ingrid Joerg, Constellium’s Chief Executive Officer. “I want to thank each of our 11,500 employees for their commitment and relentless focus on safety and serving our customers. Looking across our end markets in 2025, packaging demand remained healthy, and we continued to benefit from improved operational performance at Muscle Shoals. Aerospace demand was lower driven by continued destocking of aluminum products in the global Aerospace supply chain, though demand for high value add products remained strong. Automotive demand remained weak in Europe and relatively stable in North America, and in the fourth quarter we benefited from increased demand due to short-term supply shortages in the United States. Industrial market conditions in North America and Europe became more stable, and our shipments in Europe improved during the year given the post-flood recovery in Valais, Switzerland. Following the U.S. tariff announcements in 2025, market aluminum prices (LME price + Midwest Premium) have risen sharply in North America, and certain spot scrap aluminum spreads have improved from historically tight levels. We generated strong Free Cash Flow of \$178 million in 2025, and during the year we returned \$115 million to shareholders through the repurchase of 8.9 million shares. I am pleased to report we reduced our leverage to 2.5x at the end of 2025.”

Ms. Joerg continued, “Looking ahead to 2026, we currently expect recent demand trends in our end markets to continue into at least the early part of 2026 and the overall macroeconomic environment to remain relatively stable, and we expect to benefit from recent market dynamics, including supply shortages for automotive rolled products as well as improved scrap spreads in North America. We have a relentless focus on operational excellence which will allow us to capitalize on current and future opportunities, and we are proactively managing the business to the current environment. On that front, I am pleased to announce today that we are rolling out Vision 2028, our next group-wide excellence program across two pillars including operational efficiencies and cost reductions, which underpins our 2028 targets.”

Ms. Joerg concluded, “Based on our current outlook, we expect Adjusted EBITDA to be in the range of \$780 million to \$820 million, excluding the non-cash impact of metal price lag, and Free Cash Flow in excess of \$200 million in 2026. We also remain confident in our ability to deliver on our targets of Adjusted EBITDA of \$900 million, excluding the non-cash impact of metal price lag, and Free Cash Flow of \$300 million, by 2028. Our focus remains on executing on our strategy, driving operational performance, controlling costs, generating Free Cash Flow and increasing shareholder value.”

Group Summary

	Q4 2025	Q4 2024	Var.	FY 2025	FY 2024	Var.
Shipments (k metric tons)	365	328	11%	1,495	1,438	4%
Revenue (\$ millions)	2,201	1,721	28%	8,449	7,335	15%
Net income (\$ millions)	113	(47)	n.m.	275	60	358%
Adjusted EBITDA (\$ millions)	280	125	124%	846	623	36%
Metal price lag (non-cash) (\$ millions)	67	25	n.m.	126	48	n.m.

The difference between the sum of reported segment revenue and total group revenue includes revenue from certain non-core activities and inter-segment eliminations. The difference between the sum of reported Segment Adjusted EBITDA and the Group Adjusted EBITDA is related to Holdings and Corporate and the non-cash impact of metal price lag.

For the fourth quarter of 2025, the Company had shipments of 365 thousand metric tons, an increase of 11% compared to the fourth quarter of 2024 due to higher shipments in all of our operating segments. Revenue was \$2.2 billion, an increase of 28% compared to the fourth quarter of 2024 due to higher shipments and higher revenue per ton, including higher metal prices. Net income of \$113 million reflected an increase of \$160 million compared to a net loss of \$47 million in the fourth quarter of 2024. Adjusted EBITDA was \$280 million, an increase of \$155 million compared to Adjusted EBITDA of \$125 million in the fourth quarter of 2024 due to stronger results in all of our operating segments, lower corporate costs, a favorable change in the non-cash metal price lag impact, and favorable foreign exchange translation.

For the full year of 2025, the Company had shipments of 1.5 million metric tons, an increase of 4% compared to the full year of 2024 mainly due to higher shipments in the P&ARP segment. Revenue was \$8.4 billion, an increase of 15% compared to the full year of 2024 due to higher shipments and higher revenue per ton, including higher metal prices. Net income of \$275 million reflected an increase of \$215 million compared to net income of \$60 million in the full year 2024. Adjusted EBITDA was \$846 million, an increase of \$223 million compared to the full year of 2024 primarily due to stronger results in our A&T and P&ARP segments, a favorable change in the non-cash metal price lag impact, and favorable foreign exchange translation, partially offset by weaker results in our AS&I segment and higher corporate costs.

Results by Segment

Aerospace & Transportation (A&T)

	Q4 2025	Q4 2024	Var.	FY 2025	FY 2024	Var.
Shipments (k metric tons)	53	44	21%	207	209	(1)%
Revenue (\$ millions)	527	430	23%	1,968	1,816	8%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA (\$ millions)	83	58	43%	339	292	16%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA per metric ton (\$)	1,553	1,317	18%	1,634	1,395	17%

For the fourth quarter of 2025, Segment Adjusted EBITDA was \$83 million, an increase of 43% compared to the fourth quarter of 2024 primarily due to higher shipments, lower operating costs and favorable foreign exchange translation, partially offset by unfavorable price and mix. For the fourth quarter of 2024, Segment Adjusted EBITDA included a \$5 million negative impact from the flood in Valais. Shipments of 53 thousand metric tons reflected an increase of 21% compared to the fourth quarter of 2024 due to higher shipments of transportation, industry and defense (TID) rolled products. Revenue was \$527 million, an increase of 23% compared to the fourth quarter of 2024 due to higher shipments and higher revenue per ton, including higher metal prices.

For the full year of 2025, Segment Adjusted EBITDA was \$339 million, an increase of 16% compared to the full year of 2024 primarily due to lower operating costs and favorable foreign exchange translation, partially offset by unfavorable price and mix. For the full year of 2024, Segment Adjusted EBITDA included a \$13 million negative impact from the flood in Valais. Shipments of 207 thousand metric tons reflected a decrease of 1% compared to the full year of 2024 due to lower shipments of aerospace rolled products, mostly offset by higher shipments of TID rolled products. Revenue was \$2.0 billion, an increase of 8% compared to the full year of 2024 primarily due to higher revenue per ton, including higher metal prices, partially offset by lower shipments.

Packaging & Automotive Rolled Products (P&ARP)

	Q4 2025	Q4 2024	Var.	FY 2025	FY 2024	Var.
Shipments (k metric tons)	265	239	11%	1,086	1,027	6%
Revenue (\$ millions)	1,349	1,009	34%	5,078	4,196	21%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA (\$ millions)	136	56	143%	353	242	46%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA per metric ton (\$)	513	234	119%	325	236	38%

For the fourth quarter of 2025, Segment Adjusted EBITDA was \$136 million, an increase of 143% compared to the fourth quarter of 2024 primarily due to higher shipments and favorable

metal costs at Muscle Shoals, favorable price and mix and favorable foreign exchange translation, partially offset by higher operating costs. Shipments of 265 thousand metric tons reflected an increase of 11% compared to the fourth quarter of 2024 mainly due to higher shipments of packaging rolled products in North America and Europe and automotive rolled products in North America. Revenue was \$1.3 billion, an increase of 34% compared to the fourth quarter of 2024 due to higher shipments and higher revenue per ton, including higher metal prices.

For the full year of 2025, Segment Adjusted EBITDA was \$353 million, an increase of 46% compared to the full year of 2024 primarily due to higher shipments in North America with improved Muscle Shoals performance, favorable price and mix, favorable metal costs and favorable foreign exchange translation. Shipments of 1.1 million metric tons reflected an increase of 6% compared to the full year of 2024 due to higher shipments of packaging rolled products, partially offset by lower shipments of automotive and specialty rolled products. Revenue was \$5.1 billion, an increase of 21% compared to the full year of 2024 due to higher shipments and higher revenue per ton, including higher metal prices.

Automotive Structures & Industry (AS&I)

	Q4 2025	Q4 2024	Var.	FY 2025	FY 2024	Var.
Shipments (k metric tons)	46	44	5%	202	201	0%
Revenue (\$ millions)	368	329	12%	1,579	1,432	10%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA (\$ millions)	5	4	25%	72	74	(3)%
Segment Adjusted EBITDA per metric ton (\$)	108	91	19%	357	367	(3)%

For the fourth quarter of 2025, Segment Adjusted EBITDA was \$5 million, an increase of 25% compared to the fourth quarter of 2024 primarily due to higher shipments and favorable foreign exchange translation, mostly offset by unfavorable price and mix. For the fourth quarter of 2024, Segment Adjusted EBITDA included a \$10 million negative impact from the flood in Valais. Shipments of 46 thousand metric tons reflected an increase of 5% compared to the fourth quarter of 2024 mainly due to higher shipments of other extruded products following a recovery from the flood in Valais last year, partially offset by lower shipments of automotive extruded products. Revenue was \$368 million, an increase of 12% compared to the fourth quarter of 2024 due to higher shipments and higher revenue per ton, including higher metal prices.

For the full year of 2025, Segment Adjusted EBITDA was \$72 million, a decrease of 3% compared to the full year of 2024 primarily due to unfavorable price and mix and the unfavorable impact from tariffs, partially offset by net customer compensation for underperformance of an automotive program and lower operating costs. For the full year of 2024, Segment Adjusted EBITDA included a \$20 million negative impact from the flood in Valais. Shipments of 202 thousand metric tons were stable compared to the full year of 2024 due to higher shipments of other extruded products following a recovery from the flood in Valais last year offset by lower shipments of automotive extruded products. Revenue was \$1.6 billion, an increase of 10%

compared to the full year of 2024 primarily due to higher revenue per ton, including higher metal prices.

The following table reconciles the total of our segments' measures of profitability to the group's net income:

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Three months ended December 31,		Year ended December 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
A&T	83	58	339	292
P&ARP	136	56	353	242
AS&I	5	4	72	74
Holdings and Corporate ⁽¹⁾	(11)	(18)	(44)	(33)
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	213	100	720	575
Metal price lag	67	25	126	48
Adjusted EBITDA	280	125	846	623
Other adjustments	(90)	(115)	(329)	(377)
Finance costs - net	(26)	(28)	(109)	(111)
Income before tax	164	(18)	408	135
Income tax expense	(51)	(29)	(133)	(75)
Net income	113	(47)	275	60

(1) Holdings & Corporate reflects activities and the associated financial results of our corporate support functions and our technology centers..

Reconciled items excluded from our Segment Adjusted EBITDA include the following:

Metal price lag

Metal price lag represents the financial impact of the timing difference between when aluminum prices included within Constellium's Revenue are established and when aluminum purchase prices included in Cost of sales are established, which is a non-cash financial impact. The calculation of metal price lag adjustment is based on a standardized methodology applied at each of Constellium's manufacturing sites. Metal price lag is calculated as the average value of product purchased in the period, approximated at the market price, less the value of product in inventory at the weighted average of metal purchased over time, multiplied by the quantity sold in the period.

For all the periods in the table above metal price lag was positive, which reflects prices for primary aluminum increasing during the period.

Other adjustments are detailed in the Reconciliation of net income to Adjusted EBITDA table on page [16](#).

Net Income

For the fourth quarter of 2025, net income of \$113 million compares to a net loss of \$47 million in the fourth quarter of the prior year. The increase in net income is primarily related to higher gross profit (revenue less cost of sales, excluding depreciation and amortization), lower selling and administrative expenses and favorable changes in other gains and losses, partially offset by higher depreciation and amortization and income tax expense.

For the full year of 2025, net income of \$275 million compares to net income of \$60 million in the full year of 2024. The increase in net income is primarily related to higher gross profit and favorable changes in other gains and losses, partially offset by higher depreciation and amortization, and higher selling and administrative expenses and income tax expense.

Cash Flow

Cash flows from operating activities were \$489 million for the full year of 2025 compared to cash flows from operating activities of \$301 million in the prior year.

Free Cash Flow was \$178 million in the full year of 2025 compared to \$(100) million in the full year of 2024. Free Cash Flow in 2024 would have been \$30 million excluding the impact of the Valais flood and including cash received for collection of deferred purchase price receivables. The increase in Free Cash Flow in 2025 was primarily due to higher Segment Adjusted EBITDA and lower capital expenditures, partially offset by higher cash interest.

Cash flows used in investing activities were \$309 million for the full year of 2025 compared to cash flows used in investing activities of \$313 million in the prior year.

Cash flows used in financing activities were \$215 million for full year of 2025 compared to cash flows used in financing activities of \$61 million in the prior year. During the full year of 2025, the Company repurchased 8.9 million shares of the Company stock for \$115 million. As of December 31, 2025, the Company does not have any outstanding borrowings under its Pan-U.S. ABL facility. During the full year of 2024, the Company repurchased 4.6 million shares of the Company stock for \$79 million.

Liquidity and Net Debt

Liquidity at December 31, 2025 was \$866 million, comprised of \$120 million of cash and cash equivalents and \$746 million available under our committed lending facilities and factoring arrangements.

Total debt was \$1,944 million at December 31, 2025, compared to \$1,918 million at December 31, 2024. Net debt was \$1,824 million at December 31, 2025, compared to \$1,776 million at December 31, 2024.

Outlook

Based on our current outlook, for 2026 we expect Adjusted EBITDA, excluding the non-cash impact of metal price lag, to be in the range of \$780 million to \$820 million and Free Cash Flow in excess of \$200 million. In addition, we expect to achieve Adjusted EBITDA, excluding the non-cash impact of metal price lag, of \$900 million and Free Cash Flow of \$300 million by 2028.

We are not able to provide a reconciliation of this Adjusted EBITDA guidance to net income, the comparable GAAP measure, because certain items that are excluded from Adjusted EBITDA cannot be reasonably predicted or are not in our control. In particular, we are unable to forecast the timing or magnitude of realized and unrealized gains and losses on derivative instruments, impairment or restructuring charges, or taxes without unreasonable efforts, and these items could significantly impact, either individually or in the aggregate, net income in the future.

Forward-looking statements

Certain statements contained in this press release constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This press release contains “forward-looking statements” with respect to our business, results of operations and financial condition, including, among others, statements regarding anticipated macroeconomic, end-market and industry environments, initiatives with respect to operational excellence, functional cost savings and structural cost reductions and their potential impact, and earnings guidance. You can identify forward-looking statements because they contain words such as, but not limited to, “anticipates,” “approximately,” “believes,” “continue,” “could,” “estimates,” “expects,” “intends,” “likely,” “may,” “plans,” “should,” “targets,” “will,” “would,” and similar expressions (or the negative of these terminologies or expressions). All forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties and are based on underlying assumptions that may prove incorrect. Many risks and uncertainties are inherent in our industry and markets, while others are more specific to our business and operations. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: market competition; global or regional economic downturns or industry specific conditions, including the impacts of tax and tariff programs, inflation, foreign currency exchange, and industry consolidation; disruption to business operations; natural disasters including severe flooding and other weather-related events; geopolitical tensions and conflicts, including the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine; the inability to meet customer demand and quality requirements; the loss of key customers, suppliers or other business relationships; supply disruptions; excessive inflation; the capacity and effectiveness of our hedging policy activities; the loss of key employees; levels of indebtedness which could limit our operating flexibility and opportunities; and other risk factors set forth under the heading “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, and as described from time to time in subsequent reports filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The occurrence of the events described and the achievement of the expected results depend on many events, some or all of which are not predictable or within our control. Consequently, actual results may differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this press release. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

About Constellium

Constellium (NYSE: CSTM) is a global sector leader that develops innovative, value-added aluminum products for a broad scope of markets and applications, including aerospace, packaging and automotive. Constellium generated \$8.4 billion of revenue in 2025.

Constellium’s earnings materials for the fourth quarter and full year ended December 31, 2025 are also available on the company’s website (www.constellium.com).



Non-GAAP measures

In addition to the results reported in accordance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (“U.S. GAAP”), this press release includes information regarding certain financial measures which are not prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP (“non-GAAP measures”). The non-GAAP measures used in this press release are: Adjusted EBITDA, Free Cash Flow, Adjusted NOPAT, Invested Capital, Adjusted ROIC and Net debt. Reconciliations to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP financial measures are presented in the schedules to this press release. We believe these non-GAAP measures are important supplemental measures of our operating and financial performance. By providing these measures, together with the reconciliations, we believe we are enhancing investors’ understanding of our business, our results of operations and our financial position, as well as assisting investors in evaluating the extent to which we are executing our strategic initiatives. However, these non-GAAP financial measures supplement our U.S. GAAP disclosures and should not be considered an alternative to the U.S. GAAP measures and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

Adjusted EBITDA is not a presentation made in accordance with U.S. GAAP, is not a measure of financial condition, liquidity or profitability and should not be considered as an alternative to profit or loss for the period, revenues or operating cash flows determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measure to Adjusted EBITDA is our net income or loss for the relevant period.

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as income / (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes, results from joint ventures, net finance costs, other expenses and depreciation and amortization as adjusted to exclude restructuring costs, impairment charges, unrealized gains or losses on derivatives and on foreign exchange differences on transactions which do not qualify for hedge accounting, share based compensation expense, non-operating gains / (losses) on pension and other post-employment benefits, factoring expenses, effects of certain purchase accounting adjustments, start-up and development costs or acquisition, integration and separation costs, certain incremental costs and other exceptional, unusual or generally non-recurring items.

We believe Adjusted EBITDA is useful to investors as it illustrates the underlying performance of continuing operations by excluding certain non-recurring and non-operating items. We believe that Adjusted EBITDA is frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other stakeholders in their evaluation of the Company’s performance.

Free Cash Flow is defined as net cash flow from operating activities, less capital expenditures, net of property, plant and equipment inflows. Management believes that Free Cash Flow is a useful measure of the net cash flow generated or used by the business as it takes into account both the cash generated or consumed by operating activities, including working capital, and the capital expenditure requirements of the business. However, Free Cash Flow is not a presentation made in accordance with U.S. GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to operating cash flows determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Free Cash Flow has certain inherent limitations, including the fact that it does not represent residual cash flows available for discretionary spending, notably because it does not reflect principal repayments required in connection with our debt or capital lease obligations.

Adjusted Return on Invested Capital ("Adjusted ROIC") is defined as Adjusted Net Operating Profit after Tax ("Adjusted NOPAT"), a non-GAAP measure, divided by Invested Capital, a non-GAAP measure. The calculation of Adjusted ROIC together with a reconciliation of Adjusted NOPAT to Net Income, the most comparable U.S. GAAP measure, are presented in the schedules to this press release. Management believes Adjusted ROIC is useful in assessing the effectiveness of our capital allocation over time. Adjusted ROIC is not calculated based on measures prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to similar metrics calculated based on measures prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Net debt is defined as debt plus or minus the fair value of cross currency basis swaps net of margin calls less cash and cash equivalents and cash pledged for the issuance of guarantees. Management believes that Net debt is a useful measure of indebtedness because it takes into account the cash and cash equivalent balances held by the Company as well as the total external debt of the Company. Net debt is not a presentation made in accordance with U.S. GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to debt determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Leverage is defined as Net debt divided by last twelve months Segment Adjusted EBITDA, which excludes the non-cash impact of metal price lag.

Other

The Company's 2026 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders (the "2026 AGM") will be held on May 21, 2026. Pursuant to Rule 14a-8 ("Rule 14a-8") under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), the Company is setting a deadline for receipt of Rule 14a-8 shareholder proposals that is a reasonable time before the Company begins to print and send its proxy materials for the 2026 AGM. Shareholders who wish to have a Rule 14a-8 proposal considered for inclusion in the Company's proxy statement for the 2026 AGM must ensure that their proposal is received at the registered office of the Company at Washington Plaza, 40-44 Rue Washington, 75008 Paris, France, no later than March 16, 2026, which the Company has determined is a reasonable time before the Company begins to print and send its proxy materials. Such shareholder proposals must also comply with the other requirements of Rule 14a-8 in order to be eligible pursuant to such rule for inclusion in the Company's proxy statement for the 2026 AGM.

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS (unaudited)

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Three months ended December 31,		Year ended December 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Revenue	2,201	1,721	8,449	7,335
Cost of sales (excluding depreciation and amortization)	(1,854)	(1,513)	(7,262)	(6,397)
Depreciation and amortization	(86)	(77)	(330)	(304)
Selling and administrative expenses	(81)	(93)	(332)	(313)
Research and development expenses	(14)	(10)	(51)	(49)
Other gains and losses – net	24	(18)	43	(26)
Finance costs – net	(26)	(28)	(109)	(111)
Income/ (loss) before tax	164	(18)	408	135
Income tax expense	(51)	(29)	(133)	(75)
Net income / (loss)	113	(47)	275	60
Attributable to:				
Equity holders of Constellium	112	(48)	273	56
Non-controlling interests	1	1	2	4
Net income / (loss)	113	(47)	275	60
Earnings / (loss) per share attributable to the equity holders of Constellium (in dollars)				
Basic	0.82	(0.34)	1.95	0.38
Diluted	0.80	(0.34)	1.92	0.38
Weighted average number of shares, (in thousands)				
Basic	136,779	144,361	139,678	145,719
Diluted	140,253	144,361	141,941	148,004

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited)

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars) except share data and as otherwise stated</i>	At December 31, 2025	At December 31, 2024
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	120	141
Trade receivables and other, net	723	486
Inventories	1,407	1,181
Fair value of derivatives instruments and other financial assets	72	26
Total current assets	2,322	1,834
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment, net	2,585	2,408
Goodwill	47	46
Intangible assets, net	88	97
Deferred tax assets	270	311
Trade receivables and other, net	31	36
Fair value of derivatives instruments	11	2
Total non-current assets	3,032	2,900
Total assets	5,354	4,734
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Trade payables and other	1,674	1,309
Current portion of long-term debt	39	39
Fair value of derivatives instruments	18	33
Income tax payable	18	18
Pension and other benefit obligations	24	22
Provisions	25	25
Total current liabilities	1,798	1,446
Non-current liabilities		
Trade payables and other	163	156
Long-term debt	1,905	1,879
Fair value of derivatives instruments	3	21
Pension and other benefit obligations	338	375
Provisions	106	91
Deferred tax liabilities	70	39
Total non-current liabilities	2,585	2,561
Total liabilities	4,383	4,007
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholder's equity		
Ordinary shares, par value €0.02, 146,819,884 shares issued at December 31, 2025 and 2024; 135,424,702 and 143,523,308 shares outstanding at December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively	4	4
Additional paid in capital	693	674
Accumulated other comprehensive income	54	(14)
Retained earnings	354	93
Treasury shares 11,395,182 at December 31, 2025 and 3,296,576 at December 31, 2024	(153)	(51)
Equity attributable to equity holders of Constellium	952	706
Non-controlling interests	19	21
Total equity	971	727
Total equity and liabilities	5,354	4,734

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Three months ended December 31,		Year ended December 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net income / (loss)	113	(47)	275	60
Adjustments				
Depreciation and amortization	86	77	330	304
Impairment of assets	21	11	21	24
Pension and other long-term benefits	2	4	9	10
Finance costs - net	26	28	109	111
Income tax expense	51	29	133	75
Unrealized (gains) / losses on derivatives - net and from remeasurement of monetary assets and liabilities - net	(21)	22	(59)	2
Losses on disposal	3	1	4	4
Other - net	8	6	44	39
Changes in working capital				
Inventories	(40)	36	(149)	(24)
Trade receivables	77	108	(203)	(50)
Trade payables	(53)	(164)	168	(40)
Other	2	(8)	9	(24)
Change in provisions	7	(1)	6	2
Pension and other long-term benefits paid	(10)	(10)	(54)	(52)
Interest paid	(21)	(21)	(104)	(93)
Income tax paid	(33)	(10)	(50)	(47)
Net cash flows from operating activities	218	61	489	301
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(109)	(151)	(330)	(413)
Property, plant and equipment inflows	1	5	19	12
Collection of deferred purchase price receivable	—	21	2	85
Acquisition of subsidiaries net of cash acquired	—	—	—	3
Proceeds from disposals, net of cash	(1)	—	(1)	—
Other investing activities	—	—	1	—
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(109)	(125)	(309)	(313)
Repurchase of ordinary shares	(40)	(18)	(115)	(79)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	—	(3)	—	671
Repayments of long-term debt	(1)	1	(6)	(689)
Net change in revolving credit facilities and short-term debt	(72)	53	(55)	54
Finance lease repayments	(1)	(2)	(6)	(8)
Payment of financing costs and redemption fees	—	—	—	(14)
Transactions with non-controlling interests	—	(1)	(7)	(5)
Other financing activities	2	15	(26)	9
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(112)	45	(215)	(61)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(3)	(19)	(35)	(73)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the period	122	170	141	223
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(3)	(19)	(35)	(73)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	1	(10)	14	(9)
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	120	141	120	141

SEGMENT ADJUSTED EBITDA

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Three months ended December 31,		Year ended December 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
A&T	83	58	339	292
P&ARP	136	56	353	242
AS&I	5	4	72	74

SHIPMENTS AND REVENUE BY PRODUCT LINE

<i>(in k metric tons)</i>	Three months ended December 31,		Year ended December 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Aerospace rolled products	22	22	89	97
Transportation, industry, defense and other rolled products	31	22	119	112
Packaging rolled products	205	179	837	746
Automotive rolled products	57	56	232	260
Specialty and other thin-rolled products	3	4	17	21
Automotive extruded products	26	29	114	127
Other extruded products	20	15	88	75
Total shipments	365	328	1,495	1,438

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Three months ended December 31,		Year ended December 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Aerospace rolled products	270	265	1,068	1,063
Transportation, industry, defense and other rolled products	257	165	900	753
Packaging rolled products	1,007	722	3,771	2,878
Automotive rolled products	318	265	1,201	1,201
Specialty and other thin-rolled products	24	22	105	117
Automotive extruded products	220	218	962	960
Other extruded products	147	111	617	472
Other and inter-segment eliminations	(43)	(46)	(176)	(108)
Total Revenue by product line	2,201	1,721	8,449	7,335

Amounts may not sum due to rounding.

NON-GAAP MEASURES

Reconciliation of net income to Adjusted EBITDA (a non-GAAP measure)

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Three months ended December 31,		Year ended December 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net income / (loss)	113	(47)	275	60
Income tax expense	51	29	133	75
Finance costs – net	26	28	109	111
Expenses on factoring arrangements	5	6	21	22
Depreciation and amortization	86	77	330	304
Impairment of assets (A)	21	11	21	24
Restructuring costs (B)	—	4	3	11
Unrealized (gains) / losses on derivatives	(22)	20	(56)	1
Unrealized exchange losses / (gains) from the remeasurement of monetary assets and liabilities – net	1	—	—	(1)
Pension and other post-employment benefits - non - operating gains	(4)	(1)	(14)	(11)
Share based compensation	(1)	6	19	25
Losses on disposal	3	1	4	4
Other (C)	1	(9)	1	(2)
Adjusted EBITDA¹	280	125	846	623
<i>of which Metal price lag (D)</i>	<i>67</i>	<i>25</i>	<i>126</i>	<i>48</i>

¹Adjusted EBITDA includes the non-cash impact of metal price lag.

(A) For the year ended December 31, 2025, we recognized impairment related to property, plant and equipment primarily in our Valais extrusion operations and at two other AS&I facilities. For the year ended December 31, 2024, impairment related to property, plant and equipment in our Valais operations.

(B) For the year ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 restructuring costs were related to cost reduction programs in the United States and in Europe.

(C) For the year ended December 31, 2025, Other mainly includes \$9 million of insurance proceeds and \$9 million of losses resulting from flooding in the Valais (Switzerland) facilities at the end of June 2024.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, Other mainly includes \$45 million of insurance proceeds and \$43 million of losses resulting from flooding in the Valais (Switzerland) facilities at the end of June 2024, \$4 million of insurance proceeds related to assets damaged in 2021 and \$3 million gain from the acquisition of the non-controlling interests of Railtech Alu-Singen, as well as \$6 million of costs associated with non-recurring corporate transformation projects.

(D) Metal price lag represents the financial impact of the timing difference between when aluminum prices included within Constellium's Revenue are established and when aluminum purchase prices included in Cost of sales are established, which is a non-cash financial impact. The calculation of metal price lag adjustment is based on a standardized methodology applied at each of Constellium's manufacturing sites. Metal price lag is calculated as the average value of product purchased in the period, approximated at the market price, less the value of product in inventory at the weighted average of metal purchased over time, multiplied by the quantity sold in the period.

Reconciliation of net cash flows from operating activities to Free Cash Flow (a non-GAAP measure)

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Three months ended December 31,		Year ended December 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net cash flows from operating activities	218	61	489	301
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(109)	(151)	(330)	(413)
Property, plant and equipment inflows	1	5	19	12
Free Cash Flow	110	(85)	178	(100)

Reconciliation of borrowings to Net debt (a non-GAAP measure)

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	At December 31, 2025	At December 31, 2024
Debt	1,944	1,918
Fair value of cross currency basis swaps, net of margin calls	—	(1)
Cash and cash equivalents	(120)	(141)
Net debt	1,824	1,776

Reconciliation of Net income to Adjusted NOPAT and Adjusted ROIC (non-GAAP measures)

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Year ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Net income	275	60
Income tax expense	133	75
Income before tax	408	135
Finance costs - net	109	111
Expenses on factoring arrangements	21	22
Unrealized (gains) / losses on derivatives	(56)	1
Unrealized exchange losses / (gains) from the remeasurement of monetary assets and liabilities - net	—	(1)
Share based compensation costs	19	25
Metal price lag	(126)	(48)
Losses on disposals	4	4
Other	1	(2)
Tax impact ⁽¹⁾	(93)	(66)
Adjusted NOPAT (A)	287	181

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	At December 31, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Intangible assets	97	104
Property, plant and equipment, net	2,408	2,422
Trade receivables and other, net - current	486	531
Derecognized trade receivables ⁽²⁾	376	402
Inventories	1,181	1,197
Trade payables and other - current	(1,309)	(1,411)
Provisions - current	(25)	(21)
Income tax payable	(18)	(22)
Total Invested Capital (B)	3,196	3,202

	2025	2024
Adjusted NOPAT for fiscal year (A)	287	181
Total invested capital as of December 31 of prior year (B)	3,196	3,202
Adjusted ROIC (A)/(B)	9.0%	5.7%

(1) Tax impact on net operating profit computed using the Group's average statutory tax rate

(2) Trade receivables derecognized under our factoring agreements



Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2025 Earnings Call

February 18, 2026



Constellium



Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this press release constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. This press release contains "forward-looking statements" with respect to our business, results of operations and financial condition, including, among others, statements regarding anticipated macroeconomic, end-market and industry environments, initiatives with respect to operational excellence, functional cost savings and structural cost reductions and their potential impact, and earnings guidance. You can identify forward-looking statements because they contain words such as, but not limited to, "anticipates," "approximately," "believes," "continue," "could," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "likely," "may," "plans," "should," "targets," "will," "would," and similar expressions (or the negative of these terminologies or expressions). All forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties and are based on underlying assumptions that may prove incorrect. Many risks and uncertainties are inherent in our industry and markets, while others are more specific to our business and operations. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: market competition; global or regional economic downturns or industry specific conditions, including the impacts of tax and tariff programs, inflation, foreign currency exchange, and industry consolidation; disruption to business operations; natural disasters including severe flooding and other weather-related events; geopolitical tensions and conflicts, including the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine; the inability to meet customer demand and quality requirements; the loss of key customers, suppliers or other business relationships; supply disruptions; excessive inflation; the capacity and effectiveness of our hedging policy activities; the loss of key employees; levels of indebtedness which could limit our operating flexibility and opportunities; and other risk factors set forth under the heading "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, and as described from time to time in subsequent reports filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The occurrence of the events described and the achievement of the expected results depend on many events, some or all of which are not predictable or within our control. Consequently, actual results may differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this press release. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.





Non-GAAP Measures

This presentation includes information regarding certain non-GAAP financial measures, including Adjusted EBITDA, Free Cash Flow, Adjusted NOPAT, Invested Capital, Adjusted ROIC and Net debt. These measures are presented because management uses this information to monitor and evaluate financial results and trends and believes this information to also be useful for investors. Adjusted EBITDA measures are frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in their evaluation of Constellium. Adjusted EBITDA, Free Cash Flow, Adjusted NOPAT, Invested Capital, Adjusted ROIC and Net debt are not presentations made in accordance with U.S. GAAP and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. These non-GAAP financial measures supplement our GAAP disclosures and should not be considered an alternative to the GAAP measures. This presentation provides a reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures. For the definitions of Adjusted EBITDA, Free Cash Flow, Adjusted NOPAT, Invested Capital, Adjusted ROIC and Net debt, please refer to our accompanying press release.

We are not able to provide a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA guidance to net income, the comparable GAAP measure, because certain items that are excluded from Adjusted EBITDA cannot be reasonably predicted or are not in our control. In particular, we are unable to forecast the timing or magnitude of realized and unrealized gains and losses on derivative instruments, non-cash impact of metal price lag, impairment or restructuring charges, or taxes without unreasonable efforts, and these items could significantly impact, either individually or in the aggregate, our net income in the future.



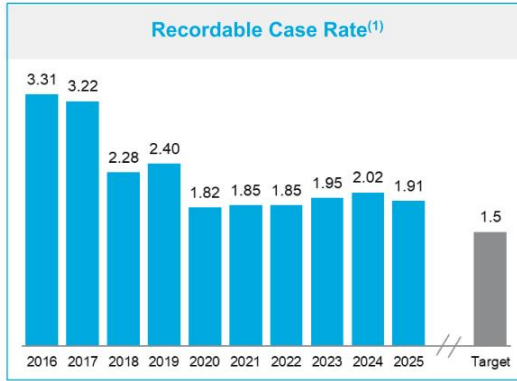
Ingrid Joerg

Chief Executive Officer



Constellium

> Safety is Our Top Priority



(1) Recordable case rate measures the number of fatalities, serious injuries, lost-time injuries, restricted work injuries, or medical treatments per one million hours worked.

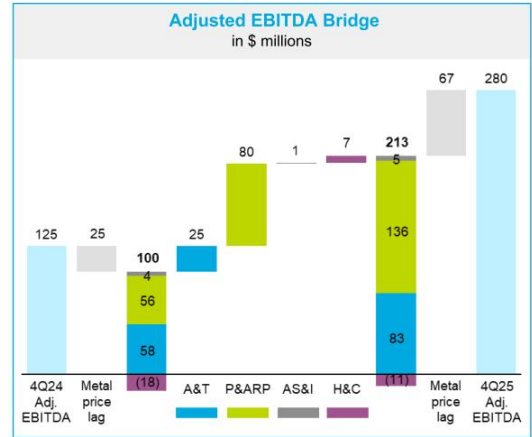
- ### 2025 Safety Highlights
- > Decin completed 3 million working hours without a recordable case
 - > Our Issoire and Neuf Brisach operations both completed 1 million working hours without a recordable case
 - > 8 sites finished with zero recordable cases
 - > 6 sites completed multi-year stretches without a recordable case

Delivered best-in-class safety performance in 2025 with a recordable case rate of 1.91; focus on safety is never ending, targeting 1.5 recordable case rate



> Q4 2025 Highlights

- > **Shipments:** 365 thousand tons (+11% YoY)
- > **Revenue:** \$2.2 billion (+28% YoY)
- > **Net income:** \$113 million
- > **Adjusted EBITDA:** \$280 million
 - Includes positive non-cash metal price lag impact of \$67 million
- > **Cash from Operations:** \$218 million
- > **Free Cash Flow:** \$110 million
- > **Shareholder Returns:** repurchased 2.4 million shares of the Company stock for \$40 million



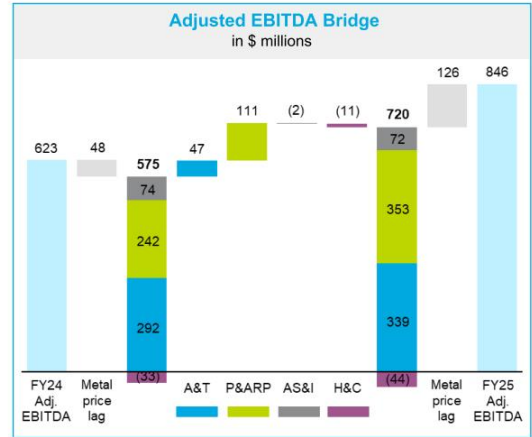
Strong finish to the year with record Q4 results that were ahead of our expectations; benefiting from recent market dynamics, including improved scrap spreads



Note: Segment Adjusted EBITDA excludes the non-cash impact of metal price lag. Amounts may not sum due to rounding.

> FY 2025 Highlights

- > **Shipments:** 1.5 million tons (4% YoY)
- > **Revenue:** \$8.4 billion (15% YoY)
- > **Net income:** \$275 million
- > **Adjusted EBITDA:** \$846 million
 - Includes positive non-cash metal price lag impact of \$126 million
- > **Cash from Operations:** \$489 million
- > **Free Cash Flow:** \$178 million
- > **Shareholder Returns:** repurchased 8.9 million shares of the Company stock for \$115 million
- > **Adjusted ROIC:** 9.0% (up 330 bps YoY)
- > **Leverage:** 2.5x at December 31, 2025



Strong 2025 results despite uncertain macroeconomic and end market environment; positioned well heading into 2026



Note: Segment Adjusted EBITDA excludes the non-cash impact of metal price lag. Amounts may not sum due to rounding.



Jack Guo

Chief Financial Officer



> Aerospace & Transportation

Q4 2025 Performance

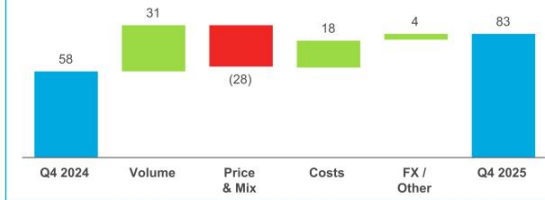
Segment Adjusted EBITDA of \$83 million

- > Stable aerospace shipments; higher TID shipments
- > Unfavorable price and mix
- > Lower operating costs
- > Favorable foreign exchange translation

Q4 2025 Q4 2024 % Δ

	Q4 2025	Q4 2024	% Δ
Shipments (kt)	53	44	21 %
Revenue (\$m)	527	430	23 %
Segment Adj. EBITDA (\$m)	83	58	43 %
Segment Adj. EBITDA (\$ / t)	1,553	1,317	18 %

Q4 2025 Segment Adjusted EBITDA Bridge



FY 2025 Segment Adjusted EBITDA Bridge



> Packaging & Automotive Rolled Products

Q4 2025 Performance

Segment Adjusted EBITDA of \$136 million

- > Higher packaging shipments in NA and EU; higher auto shipments in NA (benefiting from supply shortages)
- > Favorable price and mix
- > Favorable metal costs; higher operating costs
- > Favorable foreign exchange translation

Q4 2025 Q4 2024 % Δ

	Q4 2025	Q4 2024	% Δ
Shipments (kt)	265	239	11 %
Revenue (\$m)	1,349	1,009	34 %
Segment Adj. EBITDA (\$m)	136	56	143 %
Segment Adj. EBITDA (\$ / t)	513	234	119 %

Q4 2025 Segment Adjusted EBITDA Bridge



FY 2025 Segment Adjusted EBITDA Bridge



> Automotive Structures & Industry

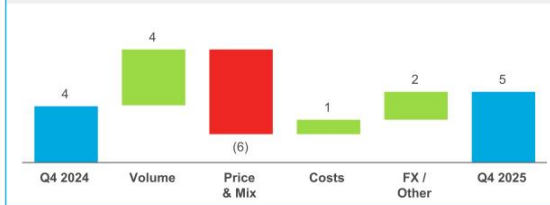
Q4 2025 Performance

Segment Adjusted EBITDA of \$5 million

- > Higher industry shipments; lower automotive shipments (impacted in NA by supply shortages of auto rolled products)
- > Unfavorable price and mix
- > Favorable foreign exchange translation

	Q4 2025	Q4 2024	% Δ
Shipments (kt)	46	44	5 %
Revenue (\$m)	368	329	12 %
Segment Adj. EBITDA (\$m)	5	4	25 %
Segment Adj. EBITDA (\$ / t)	108	91	19 %

Q4 2025 Segment Adjusted EBITDA Bridge



FY 2025 Segment Adjusted EBITDA Bridge





Announcing Vision 2028, Our Next Group-Wide Excellence Program

Operational Efficiencies

- > Productivity improvement
- > Debottlenecking
- > Automation
- > Equipment reliability and predictive maintenance
- > Metal optimization
- > Energy efficiency
- > Reduce input consumption and waste

Cost Reductions

- > Portfolio optimization
- > Link overhead and SG&A spending to strategic outcomes
- > Procurement savings
- > Automation to enhance efficiency

Vision 2028 is a critical building block in our roadmap to our 2028 targets

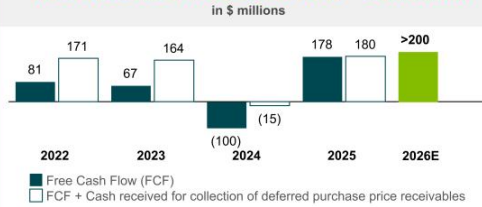
> Free Cash Flow

	in \$ millions	
	2025	2024
Net cash flows from operating activities	489	301
Purchases of property, plant and equipment net of property, plant and equipment inflows	(311)	(401)
Free Cash Flow	178	(100)
Collection of deferred purchase price receivables	2	85

2025 Free Cash Flow Highlights

- > Free Cash Flow of \$178 million; higher compared to 2024 as a result of:
 - Higher Segment Adjusted EBITDA and lower capex, partially offset by higher cash interest
 - Free Cash Flow in 2024 would have been \$30 million excluding Valais flood impact and including collection of deferred purchase price receivables
- > Repurchased 8.9 million shares for \$115 million

Track Record of Free Cash Flow⁽¹⁾ Generation



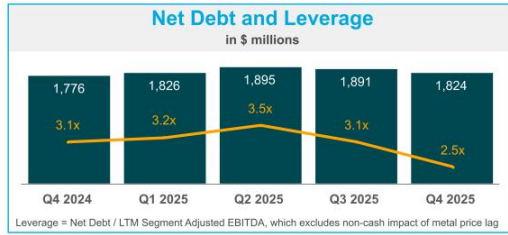
Current 2026 Guidance

- > Free Cash Flow: >\$200 million
 - Capex: ~\$315 million
 - Cash interest: ~\$125 million
 - Cash taxes: ~\$70 million
 - TWC/Other: use of cash given high metal price environment



(1) Excludes \$2 million, \$85 million, \$97 million, and \$90 million of cash received for collection of deferred purchase price receivables for the 2025, 2024, 2023 and 2022 periods, respectively, as a result of IFRS to U.S. GAAP conversion.

Net Debt and Liquidity



Strong balance sheet and financial flexibility to manage varying business conditions



(1) See Debt Table in the Appendix for more details.
(2) Liquidity is comprised of cash and cash equivalents and availability under our committed lending facilities and factoring arrangements.



Ingrid Joerg

Chief Executive Officer



Constellium



End Market Outlook

	Aerospace 13% of LTM revenues	Packaging 45% of LTM revenues	Automotive 25% of LTM revenues	Other Specialties 17% of LTM revenues
Current Market Trends	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > Steady demand <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Aluminum destocking appears to be easing – Demand for high value add products remains strong – OEMs with record backlogs and rising delivery ambitions – Higher global passenger traffic 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > Demand healthy in NA and EU <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Aluminum continuing to gain share against other substrates – Can makers adding capacity to meet long-term demand 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > Relatively stable demand in NA and weak in EU <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Short term benefits from Oswego fire in the US, balanced with tariff uncertainties – Chinese competition and lower BEV ambitions – Lightweighting, fuel efficiency and safety trends to continue 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > Stable demand in NA and EU <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Domestic mill competitive positions – Defense spending – Onshoring and semiconductor infrastructure build – Lightweighting in transportation
Attractiveness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > High value-added product portfolio > R&D, IP, proprietary alloys > Space and military opportunities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > Relatively stable and recession resilient > Strong base-load > Levered to recycling and sustainability opportunities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > High value-added product portfolio > R&D, IP, proprietary alloys > Portfolio on SUVs and light trucks in NA and premium vehicles and EVs in EU 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> > Diversification with different cycles across various markets > Focus on niche, high value-added products
3 rd Party Market Growth Est. ⁽¹⁾	<p>CRU CAGR (2025-2030) NA + EU: 8.5%</p> <p>Est. New Commercial Aircraft >42K between 2024 and 2044</p>	<p>CRU CAGR (2025-2030) NA: 2.8% EU: 3.5%</p>	<p>CRU CAGR (2025-2030) NA: 1.7% EU: 8.2%</p>	<p>In-line with or above gross domestic product (GDP)</p>



Constellium

(1) Sources: CRU International, Aluminum Rolled Products Market Outlook November 2025, which may not reflect the latest management estimates.

> Key Messages and Guidance

Strong performance in 2025, well ahead of our expectations coming into the year

- > Strong execution and results in 2025 despite uncertain macroeconomic and end market environment
- > Remain focused on cost control, Free Cash Flow generation, and commercial and capital discipline
- > Returned \$115 million to shareholders through the repurchase of 8.9 million shares during the year and reduced leverage to 2.5x at year-end

Exciting future ahead with opportunities to grow our business and enhance profitability and returns

- > Portfolio serving diversified and generally resilient end markets where infinitely recyclable aluminum is part of the circular economy
- > Durable and attractive secular growth trends driving increased demand for our products
- > Previously-indicated Adjusted EBITDA drivers within our control; market recoveries provide additional upside
- > Execution focused with proven ability to flex costs
- > Strong balance sheet and Free Cash Flow generation allow financial flexibility and balanced capital allocations including capital investments, shareholder returns and debt reductions

Targets

2026 Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾
\$780 million to \$820 million

2026 Free Cash Flow
>\$200 million

2028 Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾
\$900 million

2028 Free Cash Flow
\$300 million

Leverage
1.5x - 2.5x

Focused on executing our strategy and increasing shareholder value



(1) Excludes the non-cash impact of metal price lag.

Fourth Quarter 2025 - Earnings Call - 17



Appendix





Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted EBITDA

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Three months ended December 31,		Year ended December 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net income / (loss)	113	(47)	275	60
Income tax expense	51	29	133	75
Finance costs – net	26	28	109	111
Expenses on factoring arrangements	5	6	21	22
Depreciation and amortization	86	77	330	304
Impairment of assets	21	11	21	24
Restructuring costs	—	4	3	11
Unrealized (gains) / losses on derivatives	(22)	20	(56)	1
Unrealized exchange losses / (gains) from the remeasurement of monetary assets and liabilities – net	1	—	—	(1)
Pension and other post-employment benefits - non - operating gains	(4)	(1)	(14)	(11)
Share based compensation	(1)	6	19	25
Losses on disposal	3	1	4	4
Other	1	(9)	1	(2)
Adjusted EBITDA	280	125	846	623
<i>of which Metal price lag ⁽¹⁾</i>	67	25	126	48

(1) Excluded in Segment Adjusted EBITDA

> Free Cash Flow Reconciliation

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Three months ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Net cash flows from operating activities	218	61
Purchases of property, plant and equipment net of property, plant and equipment inflows	(108)	(146)
Free Cash Flow	110	(85)
Collection of deferred purchase price receivables	—	21

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	Year ended December 31,			
	2025	2024	2023	2022
Net cash flows from operating activities	489	301	432	365
Purchases of property, plant and equipment net of property, plant and equipment inflows	(311)	(401)	(365)	(284)
Free Cash Flow	178	(100)	67	81
Collection of deferred purchase price receivables	2	85	97	90

> Net Debt Reconciliation

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	December 31, 2025	September 30, 2025	June 30, 2025	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Borrowings	1,944	2,012	2,026	1,943	1,918
Fair value of net debt derivatives, net of margin calls	—	1	2	1	(1)
Cash and cash equivalents	(120)	(122)	(133)	(118)	(141)
Net Debt	1,824	1,891	1,895	1,826	1,776
LTM Segment Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	720	607	541	561	575
Leverage	2.5x	3.1x	3.5x	3.2x	3.1x

(1) Segment Adjusted EBITDA excludes non-cash metal price lag



Reconciliation of LTM Segment Adjusted EBITDA to Net Income

(in millions of U.S. dollars)	Twelve months ended				
	December 31, 2025	September 30, 2025	June 30, 2025	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
A&T	339	313	276	287	292
P&ARP	353	273	263	255	242
AS&I	72	71	46	57	74
Holdings & Corporate ⁽¹⁾	(44)	(50)	(43)	(38)	(33)
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	720	607	541	561	575
Metal price lag	126	85	41	108	48
Adjusted EBITDA	846	691	583	663	623
Depreciation and amortization	(330)	(321)	(313)	(307)	(304)
Impairment of assets	(21)	(11)	(16)	(21)	(24)
Share based compensation	(19)	(26)	(25)	(24)	(25)
Pension and other post-employment benefits - non service costs	14	11	11	11	11
Restructuring costs	(3)	(7)	(10)	(12)	(11)
Unrealized gains / (losses) on derivatives	56	13	19	(9)	(1)
Unrealized exchange gains / (losses) from the remeasurement of monetary assets and liabilities - net	—	1	(1)	(2)	1
Losses on disposal	(4)	(2)	(1)	(4)	(4)
Expenses on factoring arrangements	(21)	(21)	(22)	(22)	(22)
Other	(1)	10	9	6	2
Finance costs - net	(109)	(112)	(115)	(112)	(111)
Income before tax	408	226	119	168	135
Income tax expense	(133)	(112)	(85)	(92)	(76)
Net income	275	114	34	75	60



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Note: Segment Adjusted EBITDA excludes non-cash metal price lag
⁽¹⁾ Holdings & Corporate reflects activities and the associated financial results of our corporate support functions and our technology centers.

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Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted NOPAT and Adjusted ROIC

	Year ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>		
Net income	275	60
Income tax expense	133	75
Income before tax	408	135
Finance costs - net	109	111
Expenses on factoring arrangements	21	22
Unrealized (gains) / losses on derivatives	(56)	1
Unrealized exchange losses / (gains) from the remeasurement of monetary assets and liabilities - net	—	(1)
Share based compensation costs	19	25
Metal price lag	(126)	(48)
Losses on disposals	4	4
Other	1	(2)
Tax impact ⁽¹⁾	(93)	(66)
Adjusted NOPAT (A)	287	181
<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>		
	2024	2023
Intangible assets	97	104
Property, plant and equipment, net	2,408	2,422
Trade receivables and other, net - current	486	531
Derecognized trade receivables ⁽²⁾	376	402
Inventories	1,181	1,197
Trade payables and other - current	(1,309)	(1,411)
Provisions - current	(25)	(21)
Income tax payable	(18)	(22)
Total Invested Capital (B)	3,196	3,202
	2025	2024
Adjusted NOPAT for fiscal year (A)	287	181
Total invested capital as of December 31 of prior year (B)	3,196	3,202
Adjusted ROIC (A)/(B)	9.0 %	5.7 %



(1) Tax impact on net operating profit computed using the Group's average statutory tax rate
(2) Trade receivables derecognized under our factoring agreements

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> Debt Table

	At December 31,							At
	2025							December 31, 2024
(in millions of U.S. dollars)	Nominal Value in Currency	Nominal rate	Effective rate	Face Value	Debt issuance costs	Accrued interest	Carrying value	Carrying value
Secured Pan-U.S. ABL (due 2029)	\$ —	Floating		—	—	—	—	56
Senior Unsecured Notes								
Issued June 2020 and due 2028	\$ 325	5.625 %	6.05 %	325	(3)	1	323	323
Issued February 2021 and due 2029	\$ 500	3.750 %	4.05 %	500	(4)	4	500	500
Issued June 2021 and due 2029	€ 300	3.125 %	3.41 %	353	(3)	5	355	313
Issued August 2024 and due 2032	\$ 350	6.375 %	6.77 %	350	(5)	8	353	353
Issued August 2024 and due 2032	€ 300	5.375 %	5.73 %	352	(5)	7	354	313
Finance lease liabilities				32	—	—	32	30
Other loans				26	—	1	27	30
Total debt				1,938	(20)	26	1,944	1,918
<i>Of which non-current</i>							1,905	1,879
<i>Of which current</i>							39	39

